bodies of four men and women who had died from starvation were found in the street. One child, almost dead from hunger, was found close to the wall of El Oriente Foundry. This condition of fhings in the neighboring seaport town demands instant attention.

Advices from other towns in the interior and on the coast report that distress and want prevail, principally among the Cuban troops who are camped on the outskirts. Caibarien is apparently the worst off of these. Caibarien is the port which General Gomez, in a communication to General Wade, asked should be the first evacuated, in order to establish a Cuban base of supplies to minister to the wants of the troops in the field.

It is reported that on September 12 a skirmish took place near Madruga, in the province of COMMANDERS PREFER LONG ISLAND TO Matanzas, between Cuban and Spanish forces. The Cubans lost one officer killed and two men wounded. One of the Cubans was taken prisoner and carried to Matanzas by the Civil Guard, where he was turned over to the military authorities.

A PLEA FOR PRISONERS.

MARIANAO'S GOVERNOR URGES CLEMENCY FOR THOSE CONVICTED OF MINOR OFFENCES.

Havana, Sept. 18 .- In an able letter addressed to Antonio Govin, Colonial Minister of Justice, Marquis Cervera, Military Governor of Marianao, makes an urgent plea for clemency for all persons now serving sentences in the prisons of the Island for minor offences or held pending trial upon charges of similar infractions of the law.

The communication is inspired by a recent utterance of Senor Sagasta, the Spanish Premier, who asked the Cortes what was to become of the many prisoners serving terms in Cuba who had been sentenced by Spanish tribunals.

Marquis Cervera cites the fundamental principle of the Penal Code that criminal law is essentially territorial, and that, consequently, no State can authorize the execution within its territory of sentences pronounced by foreign courts, and contends that "Spanish tribunals will to-morrow be foreign in Cuba."

But he argues that many of the persons in whose interest he addressed Senor Govin have pending either their trials or appeals for fresh triais, and asks: "Is it just or right, or in accordance with the

spirit of the law, which provides the defence with the same rights as the prosecution, to take prisoners away from the place where the crime was committed and separate them from all possible testimony of witnesses which they may require to protect their individual rights or establish their innocence?" This, he argues, is against the majesty of jus-

tice and right, and in opposition to the imperative mandate of the law. The Marquis suggests a rational solution based upon elemency for those condemned for minor offences, who, he considers, have fully explated their misdeeds by the imprisonment they have already undergone, and for whom he pleads pardon.

On the other hand, regarding habitual criminals, condemned for serious offences, constituting a menace to society and law, he suggests that they be retried, and, if necessary, be made to serve their entire terms and undergo punishment to the full extent of the law.

The communication has received wide publicity, and has excited much favorable comment

LIBELLED TWO REGIMENTS. CHARGES MADE AGAINST SERGEANT JOHNSON

AT SANTIAGO.

Santiago de Cuba, Sept. 18.-Yesterday charges were preferred by Captain Miller, of the 2d Immune Regiment, and Captain Shelley, of the 5th Immunes, against Sergeant Josh W. Johnson, of the 3d Regiment, for maligning and libelling the officers and soldiers of their respective regiments in an article published in "The Atlanta Constitution" on August 2. The article in ques-Regiments to be a band of cutthroats, robbers ninals of the worst description, whose presence in Santiago menaced the life and prop- | Fort Douglas, Salt Lake City, Utah, and that erty of every one, and closed with a laudation of the 3d Regiment by contrast with the other tion. Other troops under orders to commands. Colonel Ray and the men of the the Army, were indignant at the slanders, and threats were made by a few of the men that Johnson would be lynched if he were not called

There is no ground whatever for the reports of unmilitary conduct, infractions of discipline, dis-orderly conduct and drunkenness on the part of the men. Two unimportant cases of assault are all that can be charged against the men of the 2d and 5th. Johnson's article is believed by some to have been inspired by his superior officers. His promotion to a lieutenancy has been

NEGLECT OF SANITARY PRECAUTIONS.

REASON FOR ILL-HEALTH OF CAMP THOMAS, AC CORDING TO DR. GRIFFIN.

The following is the report from the hospitals yes-

Sternberg-Two deaths, Edward A. Williams, ambulance company; J. T. Dickman, Company K, 1st Arkansas; furloughed, sixty-three. Leiter-One death, Paul B. Jenkins, Company A, 2d Nebraska; furloughed, six.

Major Emmet Griffin, surgeon-in-charge of Sternberg Hospital at this place, said yesterday:

Sternberg Hospital at this place, said yesterday:

In my opinion Chickamauga Park is one of the healthlest places in the country that could have been chosen for a great military encampment.

I have been here for some time now, and I have come to the conclusion that no more desirable place could have been found anywhere. The drainage here is good, the lay of the land excellent, the climate mild and desirable, being just what is reeded by the troops, and there is not the slightest question in my mind but that Chickamauga Park was originally healthy. Why should it be otherwise? All of the conditions here are conductive to good health, and the troops which have been encamped here would certainly have enjoyed good health if the proper care and precautions had been taken to preserve health.

The stekness at Chickamauga Park has been caused by the improper and negligent manner in which the sanitary regulations recommended by the Army surgeons have been enforced. That is the situation in a nutshell.

WANTS NEW-YORK TROOPS MUSTERED OUT.

Hooker came to Washington yesterday to try to induce the War Department to issue an order for induce the War Department to Issue an order for the mustering out of service of the 22d New-York Volunteer Infantry, which is mainly composed of men from Western New-York, many of whom live in the district he represents in Congress.

Mr. Hooker succeeded only to the extent of ob-taining an assurance that whenever orders for the muster out of any more volunteer regiments are issued the 22d will be among the first. That, however, probably will not be for some time to come.

THE SIXTH INFANTRY TO HAVE A RECEPTION

been made for the reception of the 6th Infantry on its return to Fort Thomas to-morrow. Members of the Chamber of Commerce and others went to

of the Chamber of Commerce and others went to Parkersburg to-day to seet the regiment at the State line. This regiment was one of the first called out, and it suffered the most severe losses. Colonel Cochran was retired soon after the regiment reached Trampa, and Lieutenant-Colonel Eghert succeeded him. When the regiment was cut to pieces at Santian's Colonel Eghert was shot through, the lungs, and now the regiment returns with Major Miner commanding. Colonel Eghert is here anxiously awarding the regiment. Of the 483 who went with this regiment in April less than 250 returned. The regiment has been recruited, so that 490 are now in line. Fifty members of the regiment are in the Fort Thomas hospitals and some are away on furloughs, but many were buried in Cuba. As Fort Thomas is now occupied by hospitals, the regiment will camp on adjoining territory on the site where the Union troops camped under General Green Clay Smith when General Kirby Smith marched through Kentucky in his raid on Cincinnati thirty-five years ago. In addition to

Two Great Soaps CASHMERE BOUQUET VIORIS

MONTAUK MAY KEEP CAVALRY

SOUTHERN CAMP

DENSE FOG PREVAILED YESTERDAY-MORS TROOPS MOVE BY RAIL AND TRANSPORT-HOW BLANKETS WERE SOLD TO THE

SOLDIERS CHEAPLY. INV TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.

Camp Wikoff, Montauk Point, N. V., Sept. 18.-For a day and a night Camp Wikoff has been enveloped in a dense fog-not such a fog as city people know, which settles down over the city quiet and still, but one driven along by the wind, and which partook more of the nature of a fine mist. It deposited little globules of moisture upon one's clothing, and whoever was unfortunate enough to have to wear glasses soon found them so dim as to be absolutely useless as an aid to the eyesight. Rubbing them dry with a handkerchief did no good, for two minutes later they were again covered with

It was necessary for the pedestrian, too, to keep pretty close to the roads or to known bypaths, if he did not wish to be lost among the sand dunes, for it was impossible to see from one camp to another, or, in fact, to see from one extremity of a regimental camp to the other. On the bay the transports had been swallowed up, and only the Mississippi loomed up big and ghostlike where she was tied at the railroad wharf. She was taking on a few more horses, and when she finally left the wharf she was lost to view before she had gone a half-dozen lengths.

All night and all day the fog continued driffing in from the ocean, across the Island and out over the Sound. It seemed to have no end. But late in the afternoon the increasing breeze, which was tossing the sea up into great waves that came thundering and roaring up on the ocean beach, gathered together the last remnants of the fog and sent it scurrying over to the Connecticut shore. At sunset heavy clouds gathered in the western sky, so low down that the upper half of the new moon's crescent showed above them, but they rose no higher. They drifted around to the northeast, with an occasional flash of lightning reflected along A. MESSITER, private, Company E. at New-York City. their edges, and disappeared, leaving the sky clear and studded with stars. MORE TROOPS MOVING.

Battery F. 5th Light Artillery, is making J. A. strenuous efforts to get away to-night. Colonel Kimball, the New-York quartermaster, who furnishes all the transportation, sent word that they needed no special orders to start, and that the Long Island Railroad had cars at Montauk to take them. Then began the hustle to get ready, but they started so late in the day that were a little doubtful about getting away until to-morrow morning. The 8th and 16th Infantry regiments were also making preparations to go on the Berlin with the 1st and 2d, and when they are gone the infantry plain will be

nulet and descried. Even now the large Young Men's Christian Association tent, that was pitched right in the midst of the infantry, stands solltary and alone, quite remote from the few scattered tents that remain there, and the secretaries are planning to move it where it will receive greater patronage. It is going to lose another regiment from its neighborhood in a day or so, the 24th Inwill leave it still more alone in its present posialso awaiting transportation, are Batteries G A. P. SCHATER, private, Company K. at Camp Wikoff, the led regiments, as well as all the others of and H, of the 4th Artillery, the former being and H, of the 4th Artillery, the former being and H, of the Attendance the latter to Washing-

The fate of the cavalry still hangs in the baltant-General Corbin to name a suitable place

for a temporary cavalry camp, and he replied that while he did not know many of the suitable places in the country he would suggest Huntsville, Ala. Afterward he called a meeting of the commanders of the six cavalry regiments here. He stated that he had suggested Huntsville, Ala., the desire of the War Department being to shift the cavalry to a temporary camp whence they might be sent

The change did not seem to strike all the cavalry commanders favorably. One of the officers said he saw no reason for changing the ficers said he saw no reason for changing the camp other than the severe storm looked for here toward the end of the month. The storm was already due, and would probably be upon the camp without the severe storm looked for here toward the end of the month. The storm without the severe storm looked for here toward the end of the month. The storm without the severe storm looked for here toward the end of the month. The storm without the severe storm looked for here toward the end of the month. The storm without the severe storm looked for here toward the end of the month. The storm without the severe storm looked for here toward the end of the month. The storm without the severe storm looked for here toward the end of the month. The storm without the severe storm looked for here toward the end of the month. The storm with the severe storm looked for here toward the end of the month. The storm with the severe storm looked for here toward the end of the month. The storm with the severe storm looked for here toward the end of the month. The storm with the severe storm looked for here toward the end of the month. The storm with the severe storm looked for here toward the end of the month. The storm with the severe storm looked for here toward the end of the month with the severe storm looked for here toward the end of the month. The storm with the severe storm looked for here toward the end of the month with the severe storm looked for here toward the end of the month with the severe storm looked for here toward the severe storm looked for here t was already due, and would probably be upon them before they could get away. His men were getting along all right at Camp Wikoff, he un-October, and he had no fear of the storm. The matter was not discussed further at the meet-ing, but after the adjournment in the general conversation that ensued nearly all the officers seemed to be of the same opinion.

DETECTING BLANKET THIEVES

laundry failed to return, and at first he was inclined to think it was because of the recent thing which aroused his suspicions, and, donning started out with a guard at his heels. At the laundry the guard remained outside while the Major went in. One of the laurdry employes was standing behind the counter.

"What do you'se want. Do you want to buy a blanket?" a suit of old clothes and taking a revolver, he

The Major asked the price.
"Seventy-five cents apiece, if you take half a

The Major decided to take that many, and handed a bill over in payment. The laundry employee got out a bag of silver "That was full," he said, "but I got it changed

"That was full," he said, "but I got it changed in bills."

"Are you doing a pretty good business?" the Major asked.

"Bully, If you've got any friends who want blankets bring 'em around. I can get lots more where these came from."

At that stage the Major drew his revolver and, covering the Iellow, said, "You are under arrest." At the same time he summoned the guard. The look upon the fellow's face was beyond description. He sank back upon a pile of blankets, protesting at first and finally confessing, implicating another employe. This man was immediately hunted up, found in a canteen and also arrested. He disclaimed being connected in any way with the business, but he was taken along. Two teamsters were also arrested, and one confessed to having sold twenty-five Red Cross cots at \$1 apiece. The Major believes that more men are implicated and has a guard out looking for them. When discovered, they will be arrested and turned over to the civil authorities, with those already under arrest.

On the way back to the hospital the guard

under arrest.

On the way back to the hospital the guard failed to challenge the Major, and he immediately summoned the officer of the guard and reinstructed him in the duties the guard is sup-

instructed him in the duties the guard is supposed to perform. Later in the night, when the
Major had occasion to cross the lines, he was
stopped a couple of times.

The deaths to-day were: T. Caril, corporal,
Company G. 23d Infantry; Benjamin Badgley,
4th Infantry; George Garrett, 24th Infantry; L.
Larter, teamster, 3d Cavalry. A soldier named
Clark, but unidentified as to regiment, was
brought to the hospital last night, having been
found unconscious, and he died this morning.

LOSSES OF THE 71ST.

A LIST PREPARED BY MAJOR BELL, THE REGIMENTAL SURGEON.

Major William D. Bell, surgeon of the 71st Regiment, who was at the front with the regiment, has prepared a list showing the losses of the command by death on the field of battle and by dis Major Hell says that he has taken pains to make the list complete, and he thinks that it embraces all the names. The following is a copy:

MEMBERS OF SEVENTY-PIRST REGIMENT, NEW-YORK VOLUNTEERS, WHO WERE KILLED IN BATTLE OR DIED OF WOUNDS RECEIVED. WILLIAM PRAGER, private, Company A. July 1. L. B. SKINNER, private, Company B. July 1. C. P. F. CUSHING, corporal, Company C. July 1. G. F. IMMEN, corporal, Company F. July 1.

IMMEN, corporal, Company F. July J. DUNWOODY, private, Company D. September 12; died

H. J. SCHEID, corporal, Company F. ---; died of P. W. BOOTH, private, Company F. July 1. private, Company I, July

S. A. SEAFIELD, private, Company K. July L. BOOTH, private, Company L. July 1 B. EROWN, private, Company M. J.

CARLISLE, corporal, Company M. MICHAEL DALY, private, Company M. July 1. CHARLES D. HOLLAND, private, Company M. July 2;

R. ROSS, private, Company M. July 2. MEMBERS OF SEVENTY-FIRST REGIMENT, N. YORK VOLUNTEERS WHO HAVE DIED DISEASE.

E. W. ROOT, first sergeant, Company A, at Yonkers, N. Y., September S. GEORGE BECKER, private, Company A. at September 9

H. WHITE, private, Company A. at Camp Wikoff, New-J. O'CONNOR, private, Company A, at Santiago, Cuba,

L. B. SMALL, corporal, Company B, at N. HOWITT, sergeant, Company C. at Sar

FITZGERALD, private, Company C, at Camp Wikoff, New York, September 12

M'GUIRE, private, Company C, at Camp York, September

JONES, private, Company C, at Camp VALENTINE, private, Company C, at Sing

CLARK, corporal, Company D, at New-York City, I. HARTSELLE, private, Company D. at Camp Wikoff,

WILLIAM M'GUIRE, private, Company D. at sea, Sep-tember 12. DROWN, private, Company D, at San Juan Heights Cuba, August 10.

GNER, first sergeant, Company E. at Broptember 9. CARMER, corporal, Company E, at sea, Set

WILLIAMS, private, Company E, at Camp Wikoff, FRIEDMANN, private, at sea, September 3 COOK, private, Company E, at Hackensack, N.

E. PFEISTER, private, Company E, at Camp Wikoff, New York, August 28. HOGAN, private, Company E, at New-York City, prember 14. SHAW, private, Company F, at Sontiago, Cuba, ogust 11.

DINAN, private, Company F, at Camp Wikoff,

ENGLIA private, Company P, at Port Fond Bar, Y. August 16. CARPENTER, private, Company F. New York State, September 12. BOOTH, private, Company F.

PER, private, Company P, at Santiago, Cuba,

R. MARTENS, private, Company G, at Santiago, Cuba, ONGSON, second Heutenant, Company H. at New-lork City, September 1. H. NEWCOMB, private, Company H, at Camp Willoff, New-York, August 50

BURKE, private, Company H, at New-York City, W. GOFF, sergeant, Company I, at Camp Wikoff, New York, September 3.

R. RODGERS, corporal, Company K, at Camp Wikoff New York, September S.

BONNETTE, musician, Company K, at sea

E. P. M'KEEVER, private, Company K. at New-York City August 21.

CHARLES CEAGIE, private, Company M, at Camp. Wikeff, New-York, August 27. P. MESSER, private, Hospital Corps, Governor's Island, August 27.

WINE TO BE USED IN NAMING ILLINOIS.

decided that the battle-ship Illinois shall be named with the use of champagne, and yesterday sent the following letter to Mrs. Matilda B. Carse, Jessie Brown Hilton and Helen L. Wood, the committee of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union who protested against the use of wine:

protested against the use of wine:
Ladies: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the left list, replying to which I will say that it is with pleasure I pay my highest respects to the noble women of your Union and acknowledge with profound appreciation the excellent good you are laboring to establish. I would consider it a privilege to be able to assist you. Thousands of homes are better for your guardianship, thousands of hearts are grateful to you for your Christian aid, and the world is better for baving known the Woman's Christian Temperance Union.

In the matter, however, of following the time.

Temperance Union.

In the matter, however, of following the time-honored custom of christening battle-ships, there is no desceration of the laws of temperance. The ceremony is not one from which any evil could possibly be set forth, and the most sacred religious ordinance, the Sacrament, which the world commemorates with deepest solemnity and honor, is one in which wine is used as a symbol. Therefore I dismiss the subject as one unworthy of so much agitation. If left to me the battle-ship Illinois will be christened according to the time-honored custom. Very truly yours.

JOHN R. TANNER.

duty at Fort Wadsworth, received a historical flag last night. It was a gift from George C. Strate-meyer, the Surveyor of the Port of Honolulu, Hawaiian Islands, and a former member of Comlife, but twenty-five years ago went to the

The flag was the first United States emblem raised over the Custom House at Honolulu, on August 12 last, the day of the official celebration at Hawaii over the annexation of the Islands to the United States. Major De Hart made the presentation speech and Captain Bickel, of Company C, responded.

SURGEONS IN THE NAVY.

MEDICAL CORPS QUOTA NOW FILLED-NEW APPOINTMENTS.

Washington, Sept. 18 (Special).-The Surgeon-General of the Navy has announced that the quota of officers of the Medical Corps of the Navy has at last been entirely filled. On account of the resignations and discharges which are always taking place, it has seemed almost impossible to accomplish this result. The Medical Corps as it is at present constituted consists of fifteen directors, fifteen inspectors, fifty surgeons and ninety passed assistant and assistant surgeons, making a total of 170 officers. The last vacancies were filled yesterday by the appointment of Assistant Surgeons Francis M. Furlong, of Washington; Granville Louis Avgeny, of Massachusetts, and William H. Bell, of Wisconsin.

There are also about thirty-five volunteer surgeons who will be mustered out of the service as the different auxiliary vessels upon which they are stationed for temporary duty cease to form a part of the Navy.

The Medical Corps of the Navy has also been reinforced by the appointment of the twentyfive pharmacists authorized at the last session and their duties are analogous to those per- made suits. formed by hospital stewards of the Army. They will be entitled to the benefits of the retired list when they reach the age of sixty-two years. The names of the new appointees and their assignments are as follows:

CORNELIUS O'LEARY, torpedo station, L. G. LOUIS, Navy Yard, Naw York, A. PROSPICIE, Nava Academy, S. LEUCKART, the Supply, ROHERT P. NEVILLE, the Texas, WAY, Spanish, N. P. 1018. HIN COWAIN, INSPIRIT, HOSTOR,
H. GRAHAM, hespital, Hoston,
AMUEL ENGLANDER, Navy Yard, Mare Island,
H. M'GUIGAN, Navel Inspirmary, Washington,
T. GURSLER, Navel Academy,
OSEPH M'MAHON, the Source,
H. HUNTINGTON, the constellation,
E. PEYNOLDS, the Vermont.

SOME LESSONS OF THE WAR.

DR. CROWE POINTS OUT SOME BENEFITS ISSUING FROM THE CONFLICT WITH SPAIN.

The Rev. Dr. W. S. Crowe preached upon the subject, "Some Lessons of the War," at the Church of he Eternal Hope, in Eighty-first-st., yesterday. He said in part

of dangers that exist, either in fact

August 30.

A. GEISEMAN, private, Company K, at Santiago, Cuba, August 18.

I. G. HEATH private. Company K of G, at Santiago, Cuba, N. Y. September 8.

M. EARLE, private, Company M, at Camp Wikers, New York, August 26.

M. Millan, private, Company M.

S. SCHROEDER, private, Company M.

HARLES CLASHE, private, Company M, at Camp Wikers, New York, August 27.

I. P. MESSER, private, Hospital Corpa, Governor's Island, August 27.

WINE TO BE USED IN NAMING ILLINOIS.

WINE TO BE USED IN NAMING ILLINOIS.

GOVERNOR TANNER WRITES TO WOMAN'S CHRISTIAN TEMPERANCE UNION.

Springfield, Ill., Sept. 18.—Governor Tanner has decided that the battle-ship Hillinois shall be named as the aristocratic East is quite worthy of confidence.

vacation, the Rev. Dr. W. H. P. Faunce, paster of which he said was written by a soldier fresh from

THE MICHIGAN HERE FROM SANTIAGO. ere yesterday from Santlago, from which port she twenty-nine passengers, among them being Cap-tain Charles T. Baker. Assistant Quartermaster; Captain Primelles, of the Cuban army, Surgeons Kennedy and Agramonte, and two United States Army clerks. The other passengers were hospital stewards, nurses and laborers. The transport was passed by Health Officer Doty at Quarantine, and she then anchored off Liberty Island.

O'Neill's

the fashion world is here, and style elbows style at every turn. There is newness and novelty in the new.

Velvet Traver's Velours and French Robes, Silk and Wool Bayadere Effects, Wool satin-faced Venetians, Zibeline Plaids, Chevron stripes, Prunella cloths, Vigoureaux Diagonals, mixed Venetians, Oxford mixtures, Illuminated Whipcords,

The Cheviot Bargain of the Season.

5,000 yards-50 inch all-wool Diagonal Cheviots, in navy and black-value 75c. a yard, at, per yard,

We deliver all purchases excepting bicycles and sewing machines free to any railress station within 100 miles of New York.

H. O'NEILL & CO.

THE SHINNECOCK IN AGAIN. NELSON & CO.'S

A CONFLICT IN JERSEY CITY BETWEEN POLICE THERE AND NEW-YORK OFFICERS.

The ambulance-ship Shinnecock arrived here yes terday on one of her regular trips from Montauk Point with sick soldiers on board. Nearly all the nen who arrived on this trip were sent to Philadelphia hospitals on a special hespital train, which was waiting at Jersey City. There was some little friction between the Jersey City police and those in charge of the sick soldiers, owing to the fact that the police declined to assist in unloading the The Shinnesock left Montauk Point Saturday

but ewing to heavy weather and fog she did no reach this port until yesierday morning. She firs went to Pike-st., where several discharged nurses ing Captain Brown, of the Madison-st, police stawent on board the ship with twenty policecharge of Surgeon-Major Charles Richards, was way to Philadelphia over the Pennsylvania Railroad. Major Appel, who is in charge of the sick the pier looking after the men

An ambulance, two patrol wagons and ten police under command of Patrolman Heath, were guard the pier and keep the crowd back. The others were with the wagons. Acting Captain Brown, of the New-York police.

at the request of the Army officers, asked the Jersey City police to help take off the soldiers. He said to Patrolman McGurk, who was on the pler: "Come, give us a hand in moving these men. I am captain, and my men are doing it and need McGurk replied: "I can't go until I receive orders from my superior officer. I've been placed here to keep the crowd back."

know Acting Captain Brown, evoked unpleasant comments. Patrolman Heath, when informed of it aroused the wrath of Police Captain Cox, who !

would gladly have rendered him all the assistance he required."

After leaving the men at Jersey City the Shinne-cock proceeded to the pier at West Eleventh-st. New-York and transferred twenty-two soldiers and one officer to St. Vincent's Hospital. Two soldiers and an officer were sent to the New-York Hospital, and five men and two officers to Bedloe's Island. Forty-seven men who were convalescent were sent to the Salvation Army House, at No. 316 East Fifteenth-st. to remain until their furfoughs are issued at the Army Building.

Two officers who arrived on the Shinnecock started for their homes. They were Major Charles Hine, of the 1st District of Columbia Volunteers, and Lieutenant Claude Milier, of the 2th Infantry. Major Appel, when seen at the Army Building late yesterday afternoon, said in regard to the action of the Jersey City policemen in not offering assistance: "They were entirely in the wrong, and should have acted differently. Captain Brown, of the Madison-st station, deserves credit for the way he has assisted us, and the Jersey police should have done the same."

MORE MEN FROM MONTAUK. BATTERIES A AND B OF THE FIRST ARTIL-

boat in an exceedingly short time. Several big alongside the transport, and the baggage of the soldlers, together with the cannon and the horses, were loaded into the cars. While this was being

were loaded into the cars. While this was being done the solders themselves were loaded on ferry-boats and sent to the different railread stations at Jerrey City. The 5th Regiment, which is bound for Fort Thomas, was taken to the Baltimore and Obio station. The 15th Regiment went to Huntsville, Ala., by way of the West Shore road.

The two batteries, which will go to Port Royal, S. C., were sent over the Pennsylvania Railroad. The rapidity with which the men of the regiments and batteries, with their baggage, were unloaded from the transport and started on their way south by rail, broke the record in the recent handling of troops, and the Army officers said that it was due to the discipline prevailing among the troops.

SICK SOLDIERS SENT TO PHILADELPHIA. eight sick soldiers arrived here to-day on a Gov were immediately distributed among seven hosthe transport Shinnecock at 6 o'clock on Saturday night, and arrived at Jersey City early this morn-ing. The soldlers were then transferred to the train and sent to this city. Sixteen of the mon-were carried to the ambulances in waiting, while the remaining one hundred and twelve were able to walk to the conveyances that took them to the bosnitals.

New Colored Dress Goods.

The Autumn dress goods show is at hand. The meeting place of

Poplins, Cheviots, Broadcloths and A mighty host of fancy tweeds and hardtwisted worsteds for tailor-

THIS MORNING WE OFFER

NOS. 13, 15, 17 CORTLANDT ST., 3 doors west of Broadway.

CAFE AND RESTAURANT,

rance to Cafe. No. 13. Entrance to Main Dining-room, No. 15.

We have replumbed refitted and newly decorated a ntire establishment, and are ready for business. NEW YORK HOTEL & REST. CO., L'T'D.

> NELSON, BAILEY & EASTMAN, MANAGERS

Sunburns, Mosquito Bites Rheumatism a and Pains. Token also inwardly for all Diarrhosa, Cramps, Cholera Morbus, &c. Druggists

THE OPPENHEIMER For the cure of INSTITUTE
ALCOHOLISM, MORPHINISM, and all other drug
addictions, and for No. IRASTHENIA by the OPPENHEIMER THEATMENT, Endorsed by leading physicians. For testimonials and reference, address, call of 131 WEST 45TH ST., NEW YORK.

T. M. Stewart, 326 7th Ave. CLEANSING Tel. 1132 38th St. Estb. 1863.

as a convalescent hospital for the use of soldiers.

Mrs. Palmer Campbell is now superintending the
work of getting it in readiness. The home is conducted under the auspices of the Church of the
Holy Innocence, which was founded twenty-five
years ago by Mrs. M. B. Stevens as a memorial
to her little daughter Julia.

The sick from the Porto Rico campaign will be
sent to the home, and it will be in readiness to
receive them when they arrive from Ponce. as a convalescent hospital for the use of soldie

CAMP MEADE MEN IMPROVING IN HEALTH.

SICK SOLDIERS TO BE SENT TO CITY HOSPI

Camp Meade, Middletown, Penn., Sept. 18 .- Pifteen typhoid fever cases were shipped from the Second Division hospital this evening to the Chartlents were from the 201st and 202d New-York, 4th regiments. Chief Surgeon Girard believes the sick do better in city hospitals than in tents, and has arranged to ship more away to-morrow to Harris-burg and Philadelphia hospitals. There are 13 fever and rheumatism patients in the general hospitals, and they will be taken away as rapidly as

York, died in the Red Cross hospital to-day of typhold fever, and his body was sent to Wellsville. see, also died of congestive chills at the regimental dispensary after a brief illness. Detailed reports have been received by Colonel Girard from the various regimental surgeons on the health of their regiments. They report few malarial cases, and in the regiments where this malady has been greatest it is on the decrease. Most of the cases of typhod fever and malaria have been brought here from the Colonel Abbott, of the 1st Rhode Island, 1 ously ill with typhoid fever at the home of a friend

vacated by the 12th Pennsylvania, which starts to-morrow afternoon for its home station for muster 12th in General Gobin's brigade of the First Division. Chief Quartermaster Howard says the 7th Ohio, which has received orders to muster out, will hardly get away before Thursday. This will complete, for a while at least, the movement of troops

plete, for a while at least, the movement of troops from camp. There is a strong probability that the lith Pennsylvania will be the next regiment to receive orders to muster out on account of the trouble among the officers.

The following medical officers have been detailed as brigade surgeons: First Division, First Brigade, D. A. Rannells, 7th Ohio; Second Brigade, A. M. C. Johnston, 14th Pennsylvania; Third Brigade, C. E. Janss, 8th Pennsylvania; Third Brigade, Lester S. Hull, 1st Rhode Island.

The camp has become so widely scattered that the scores of Army teams have been forest to work eighteen aours a day. The long hours are telling on the health of the teamsters, and colond Howard has asked the War Department for seventy-five additional teams. He was advised to-dar that affreen four-mule teams and ten two-horst teams would immediately be forwarded. The wast system is being run into the camp of the ist Delevare and other outlying regiments. General Gram will wait until all the regiments have beat supplied before extending the system to corps head-quarters.

CORPORAL TREACY BURIED. The funeral of Corporal James C. Treacy, of Cor-

pany A. 69th Regiment, who died at Huntsvill, Ala., on September 10, took place yesterday aftenoon from No. 229 Hudson-st. Treacy, who ws twenty-seven years old, was formerly in the efplay of Mills & Gibb, and was a prominent member of the Irish Volunteers. He callsted in the 6th

night, and arrived at Jersey City early this morning. The soldiers were then transferred to the train and sent to this city. Sixteen of the men were carried to the ambulances in waiting, while the remaining one hundred and twelve were able to walk to the conveyances that took them to the hospitals.

STEVENS FAMILY OFFERS A HOME.

THEIR PLACE AT BASKING RIDGE, N. J., TO BE DEVOTED TO SOLDIERS.**

Mrs. M. B. Stevens, Mrs. C. B. Stevens and Colonel E. A. Stevens, of Castle Point, Hoboken, members of the well-known Stevens family, have